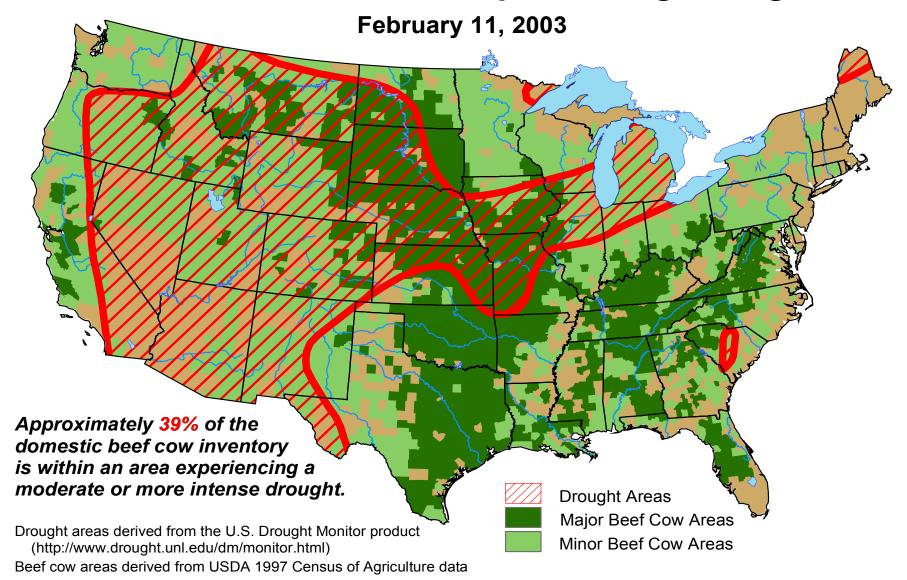
The Outlook for the U.S. Livestock and Poultry Sector

USDA Outlook Forum Washington, D.C. February 21, 2003

Some Key Factors to Watch This Year

- Feed costs are expected to remain relatively high.
- Forage supplies are currently stressed
 - Hay stocks are low.
 - Drought is extending.

U.S. Beef Cow Areas Experiencing Drought





Some Key Factors to Watch This Year

- Feed costs are expected to remain relatively high.
- Forage supplies are currently stressed.
 - Hay stocks are low.
 - Drought is extending.
- Food safety and health issues will gain increasing importance among U.S. and foreign consumers.
- Country of Origin Labeling requirements could affect producer decisions in 2003.
 - Final regulations not completed yet.
 - Animal biology requires lead times.

Meat Production To Decline in 2003

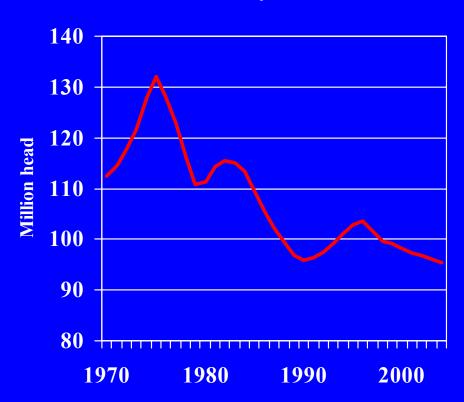
- Red meat production to fall 2-3 percent.
 - Beef declines 4-5 percent.
 - Pork falls 1-2 percent.
 - Lamb and mutton falls 5 percent

- Poultry production virtually unchanged.
 - Broiler meat increases less than 1 percent.
 - Turkey about unchanged.

Cattle Liquidation Extends into 2003

- January 1, 2003 cattle inventory declined 1 percent to 96.1 million head.
- Inventory to fall below 95.5 million by end of 2003.
- Upturn in January inventory is not likely until 2006.

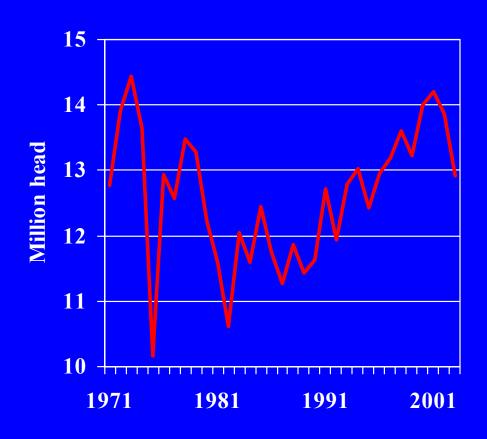
Cattle Inventory on January 1



Indications of Beef Production Declines Ahead

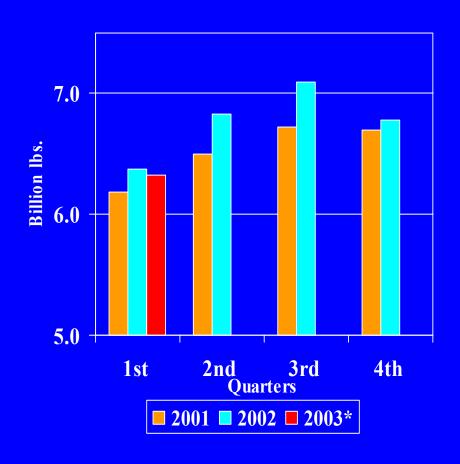
- January 1, 2003 U.S. total cattle on feed number fell to 12.9 million head.
- Producers are planning to hold back more heifers
 - Beef heifers intended for replacement 1 percent higher.
 - Beef heifers expected to calve up 3 percent.

US Total Cattle on Feed



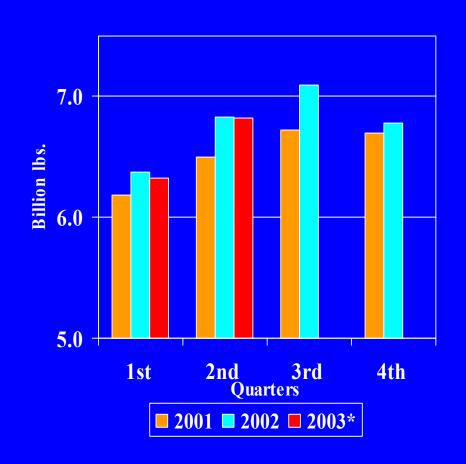
Beef Production in 2003 to Fall to 25.9 Billion Pounds

- First quarter production falls below year earlier.
 - Decline mitigated by relatively high cow slaughter.



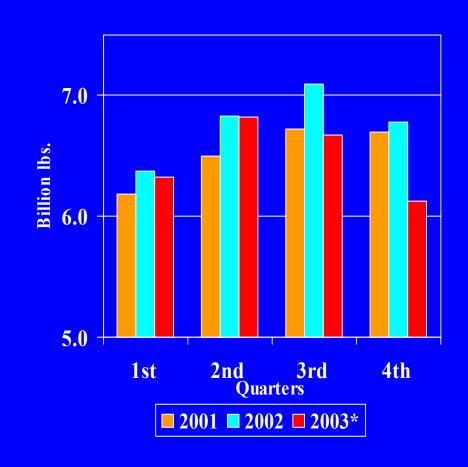
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 - Late 2002 placements marketed.
 - Cow slaughter remains relatively large.



Beef Production in 2003 to Fall to 25.9 Billion Pounds

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 - Decline mitigated by relatively high cow slaughter.
- Second quarter production flattens out.
 - Late 2002 placements marketed
 - Cow slaughter remains relatively large.
- Third and fourth quarter production drops sharply.
 - Lower on-feed inventories.
 - Breeding herd retention.

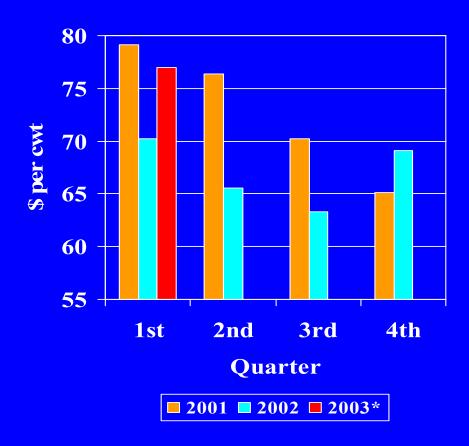


Cattle Prices Will Average \$73-77 per cwt

Tightening supplies will lift cattle prices.

- First quarter will average \$75-78.
 - Prices may have peaked early on weather concerns.

Nebraska Choice Steer

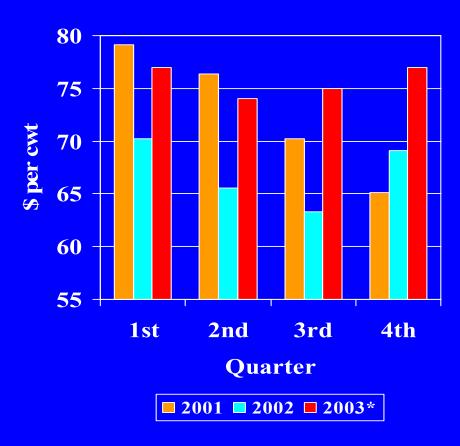


Cattle Prices Will Average \$73-77 per cwt

Tightening supplies will lift cattle prices.

- First quarter will average \$75-78.
 - Prices may have peaked early on weather concerns.
- Remaining quarters may see prices \$9-12 higher than year earlier.
 - Beef supplies lower.
 - Other meat supplies tight.

Nebraska Choice Steer

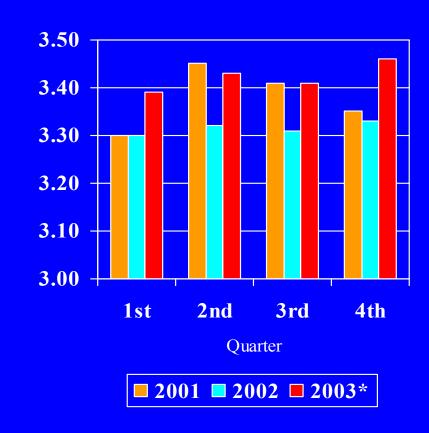


Retail Beef Prices Will Reach Record Levels

\$ per pound

- Consumer demand for Choice beef has remained relatively firm.
- Average retail beef prices are expected to exceed 2002 in each quarter.
- Fourth quarter prices could exceed records of spring 2001 as supplies are tightest.

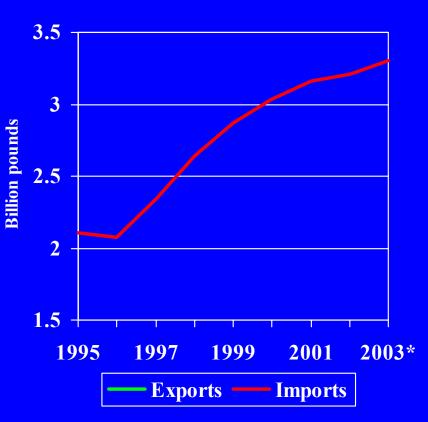
ERS Retail Choice Beef Price



Beef Trade to Rise Slightly in 2003

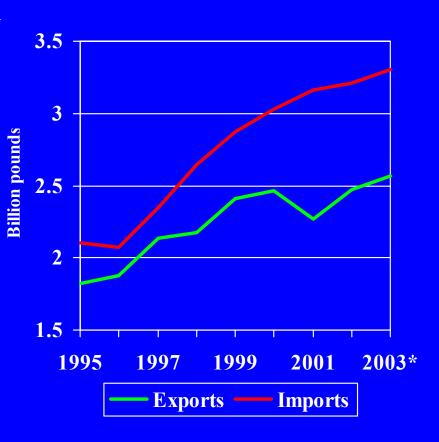
 Beef imports in 2002 reached record 3.2 billion pounds.

 2003 imports will increase 3 percent to 3.3 billion pounds.



Beef Trade to Rise Slightly in 2003

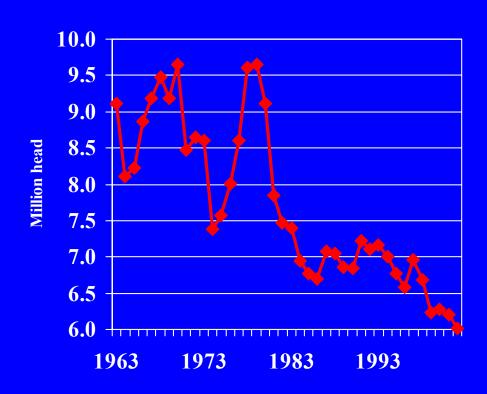
- Beef imports in 2002 reached record 3.2 billion pounds.
- 2003 imports will increase 3 percent to 3.3 billion pounds.
- Beef exports reached 2.5 billion pounds in 2002.
- 2003 exports are forecast to increase about 3-4 percent to 2.6 billion pounds.



Pork Production Set to Decline in 2003

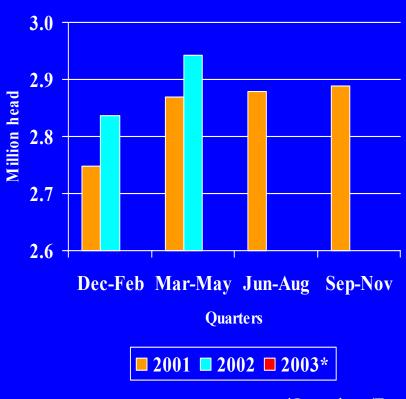
• The December 1, 2002 inventory of pigs kept for breeding fell 3 percent to 6.0 million head after increasing in first half 2002.

Pigs Kept for Breeding - U.S.



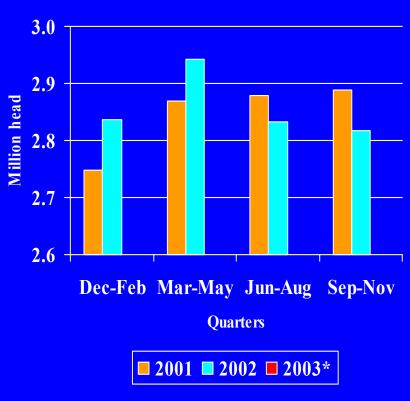
Pork Production Increase Halted Abruptly

Producers farrowed 3
 percent more sows in first
 half of 2002.



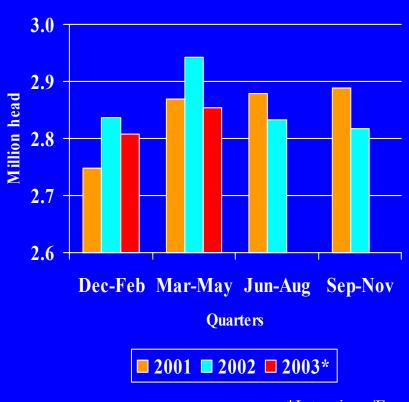
Pork Production Increase Halted Abruptly

- Producers farrowed 3 percent more sows in first half of 2002.
- Second half farrowings declined 2 percent.



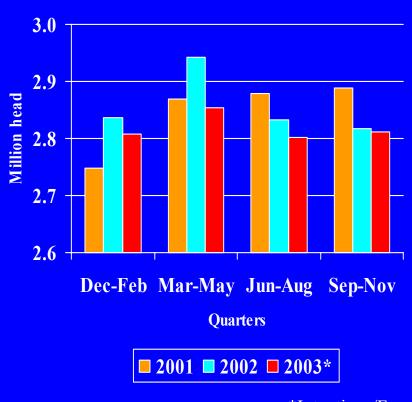
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- First half 2003 intentions down 1.5 percent.



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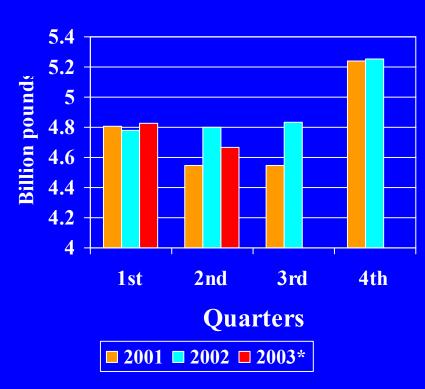
- Producers farrowed 3 percent more sows in first half of 2002.
- Second half farrowings declined 2 percent.
- First half 2003 intentions down 1.5 percent.
 - Expansion unlikely before 2004.



Pork Production Expected to Fall From 2002 Record

- 2002 production was a record 19.7 billion pounds.
- 2003 production is forecast to decline 1-2 percent to 19.5 billion pounds in 2003.
- First half production down 1 percent as production exceeds year earlier in first quarter.

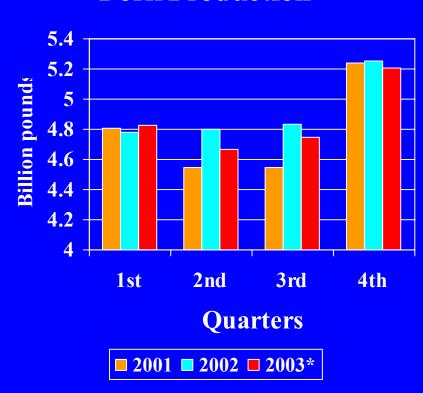
Pork Production



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- Second half production down 1-2 percent.
 - Lower slaughter partly offset by higher weights.

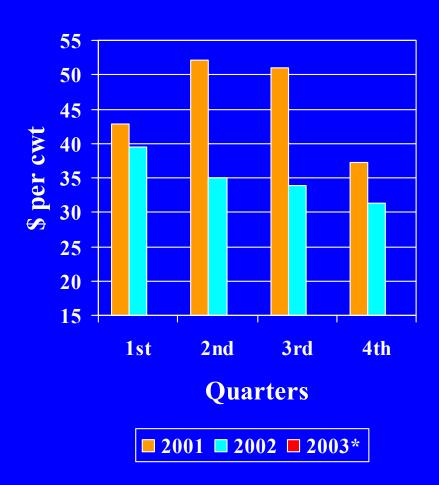
Pork Production



Hog Prices Slightly Higher in 2003

Hog prices declined to \$35
 per cwt in 2002, as large
 meat supplies overhung
 market.

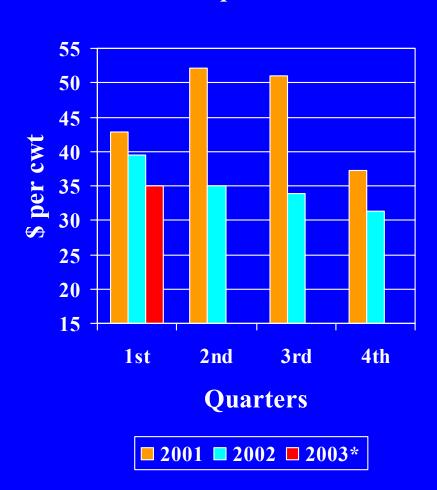
National Base B&G Live Equivalent



Hog Prices Slightly Higher in 2003

- Hog prices declined to \$35
 per cwt in 2002, as large
 meat supplies overhung
 market.
- First quarter 2003 price expected to decline to \$34-36 per cwt.

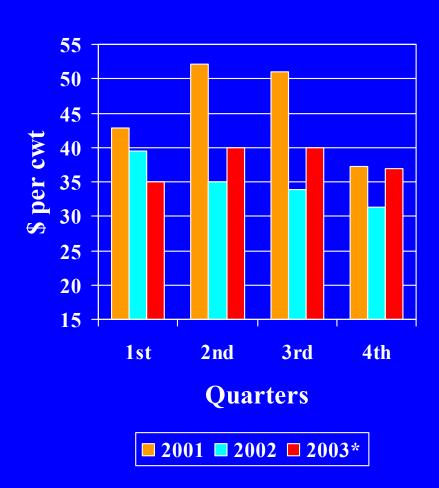
National Base B&G Live Equivalent



Hog Prices Slightly Higher in 2003

- Hog prices declined to \$35
 per cwt in 2002, as large
 meat supplies overhung
 market.
- First quarter 2003 prices expected to decline to \$39-41 per cwt.
- Remaining quarters will average \$40 before declining seasonally.

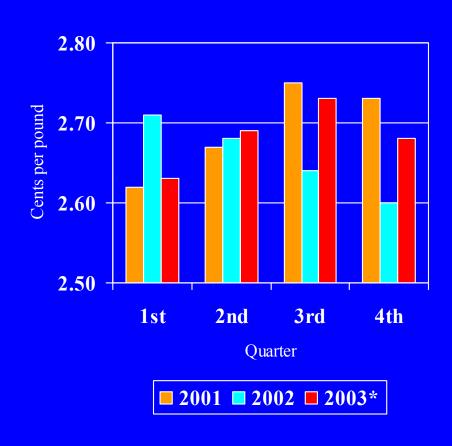
National Base B&G Live Equivalent



Higher Retail Pork Prices in 2003

- Retail prices are expected to be above last year's level of \$2.66 per pound but just below 2001's record.
- There has been surprising wholesale weakness despite high beef prices.
- Tighter red meat will likely help support pork prices.

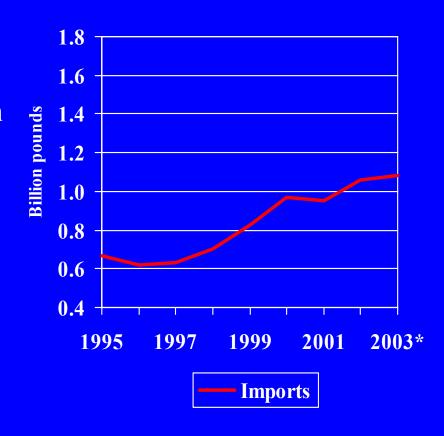
ERS Retail Pork Price



Pork Imports At Record Levels

- Pork imports in 2002 reached a record 1.07 billion pounds.
- Imports forecast to increase more slowly, to 1.08 billion pounds as Canadian production expected to slow.

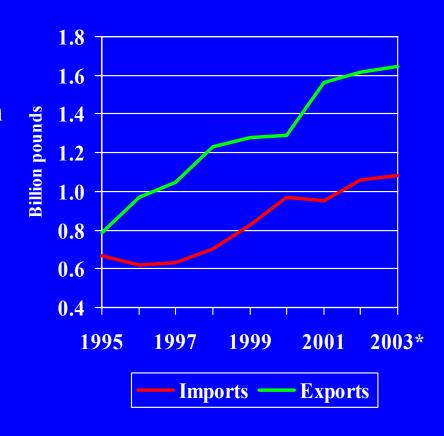
Pork Trade



Pork Exports At Record Levels

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- Imports forecast to increase more slowly, to 1.08 billion pounds as Canadian production expected to slow.
- Pork exports are forecast to rise slightly above the record 1.61 billion pounds shipped in 2002.
- Shipments expected to remain strong to Japan and Mexico.

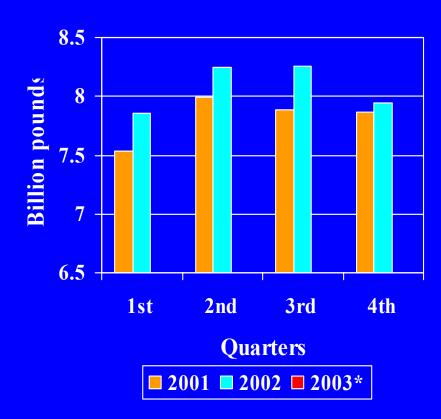
Pork Trade



2003 Broiler Production Growth Will Be Slowest Since Early 1970's

- 2002 production rose 3.3 percent to 32.3 billion pounds.
 - Weak broiler prices and higher grain prices discouraged fourth quarter production.

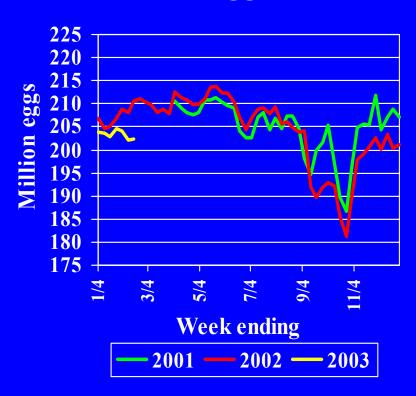
Broiler Production



2003 Broiler Production Growth Will Be Slowest Since Early 1970's

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- Eggs set below year earlier since August.

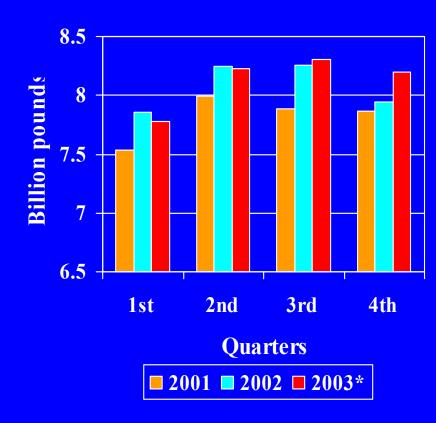
19 State Eggs Set



2003 Broiler Production Growth Will Be Slowest Since Early 1970's

- 2002 production rose 3.3 percent to 32.3 billion pounds.
 - Weak broiler prices and higher grain prices discouraged fourth quarter production.
- Egg sets below year earlier since August.
- 2003 production will be 32.5 billion pounds.
 - Weight gains partly offsetting slaughter declines.
 - Price recovery may stimulate increased second half production.

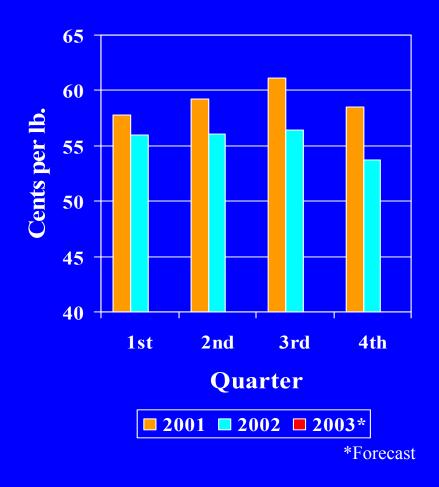
Broiler Production



Broiler Prices to Increase Slightly in 2003

 Broiler prices declined about 3.5 cents per pound in 2002 as movement was sluggish and stocks built.

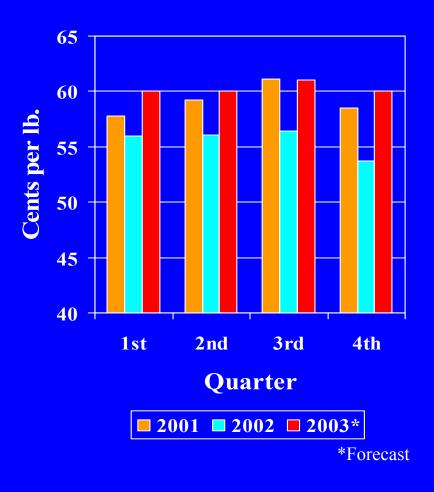
12-City Broiler Price



Broiler Prices to Increase Slightly in 2003

- Broiler prices declined about 3.5 cents per pound in 2002 as movement was sluggish and stocks built.
- Lower first half production is forecast to lift prices.
 - Additional support from lower red meat production in the second half.
- Prices in 2003 are forecast to average 58-62 cents per pound.

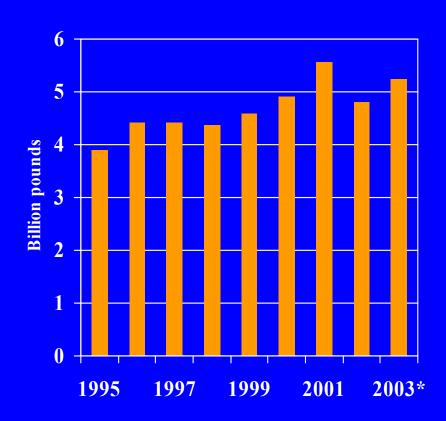




Broiler Exports to Grow Slowly in 2003

- Exports in 2002 fell 14 percent to 4.8 billion pounds.
 - Disease outbreaks caused trade disruptions.
 - Exports to Russia limited by certificate and inspection disputes.
 - Disputes with China limited trade.
- Resolution of these disputes should permit some growth in exports.
 - Russia instituted 1.05 mmt quota.
 - Mexico has imposed TRQ on leg quarters, thighs, and drumsticks.
 - China labeling rules being negotiated.
- Broiler exports in 2003 are forecast to increase 9 percent to 5.3 billion pounds.

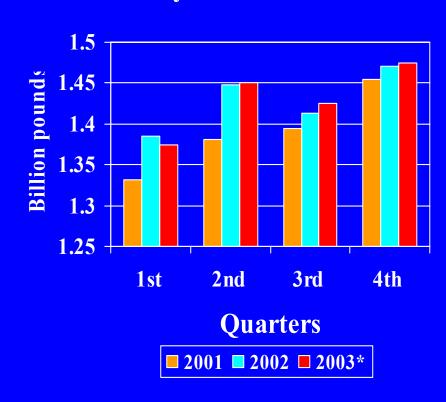
Broiler Exports



Turkey Production Unchanged in 2003

- First half 2002 production strong. Second half production slowed as returns weakened.
 - Disease outbreaks had relatively small aggregate impact on production.
- Weaker turkey prices and relatively high grain prices will slow growth in 2003.
- 2003 production will be virtually unchanged at 5.7 billion pounds.

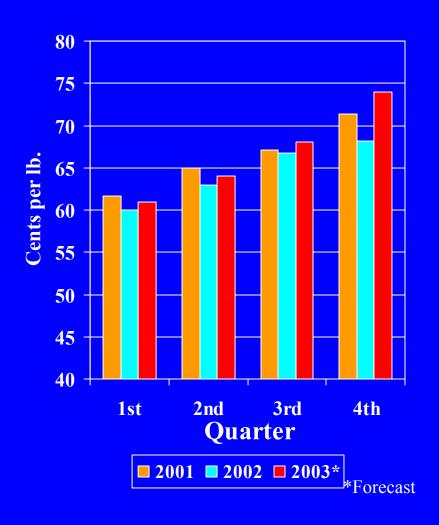
Turkey Production



Turkey Prices to Strengthen in 2003

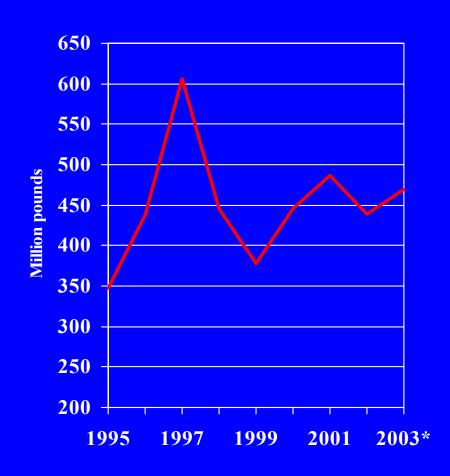
- Slower production growth will help support prices in 2003.
- Prices are forecast at 65-69 cents per pound, compared to 64.5 cents in 2003.
- During the second half of 2003, prices will strengthen more as supplies are limited.

Eastern Region Hen Price



Turkey Exports on the Rebound

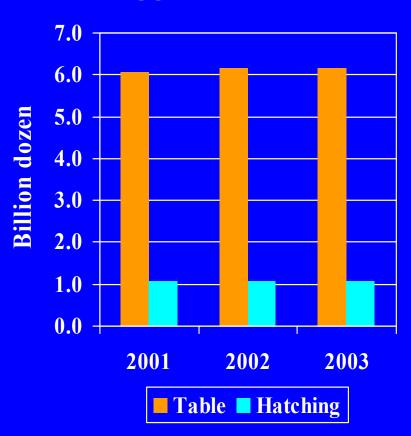
- Turkey exports in 2002 fell nearly 10 percent to 439 million pounds.
 - Disease outbreaks caused disruptions in exports to most markets.
- Exports in 2003 are expected to increase about 7 percent.
 - Mexico remains the major market, taking about 45 percent of U.S. turkey exports.
 - Russian quota policy will likely favor broiler imports over turkey.



Egg Production to be Unchanged in 2003

- Egg production forecast to be virtually unchanged at 7.2 billion dozen, as returns were weak in 2002.
- Aggregate impact of Exotic Newcastle Disease limited.
 - Flocks destroyed in California represent less than 1 percent of U.S. flock.
- Table egg production expanded 1 percent in 2002, and will be unchanged in 2003.
- Hatching egg production expected to remain about 1.07 billion dozen for third straight year, as broiler production slows.

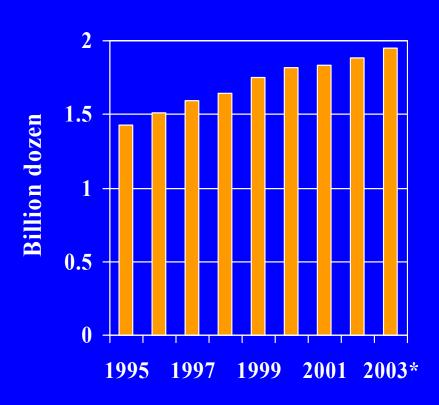
Egg Production



Eggs Broken Continues to Rise

- Eggs broken are forecast to rise to 1.95 billion dozen in 2003.
- Upward trend in eggs broken increases as eggs are consumed as an ingredient in products, e.g., baked goods.
- Demand for pasteurized eggs products is strong, especially in food service.

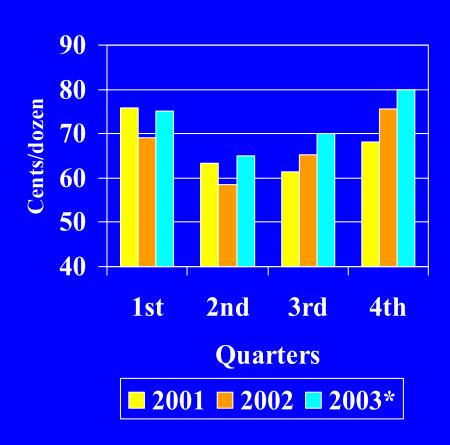
Eggs Broken



Egg Prices Forecast to Increase in 2003

- Prices are expected to reach 71-74 cents per dozen in 2003.
- Little production growth and rising use should boost prices back up highest prices since 1998.

Grade A, Large, NY



Additional 2003 Forecast Information is Available

- World Agricultural Supply and Demand Estimates
 - www.usda.gov/oce/waob
- Livestock, Dairy, and Poultry Situation and Outlook
 - http://www.ers.usda.gov/publications/ldp/

- Livestock and Poultry: World Markets and Trade
 - www.fas.usda.gov/dlp/dlp.html